

## Reinventing the Stellarator

#### D. A. Gates APS DPP, Denver CO October 30, 2023

Creating a limitless source of zero emission energy for a sustainable future



### We have a new name: Thea Energy (www.thea.energy)

Formerly Princeton Stellarators, Inc.

- Thea (also Theia) was the titan goddess of divine light and vision
- She was the daughter of Gaia, the Earth Goddess
- She gave birth to Eos (the Dawn), Helios (the sun), and Selena (the moon)
  - Our first machine will be called Eos
  - Our Fusion Pilot Plant will be called Helios



Bust of Thea from the Pergamon Altar Wikimedia: 19 April 2014, 17:04 Author: Miguel Hermoso Cuesta

### Stellarator coil design methods

- Modern stellarator coil design based on the method of P. Merkel (Nucl. Fusion 1987 27 867)
- Define your optimized equilibrium with plasma parameters of interest (improved neoclassical confinement, MHD stability, etc.)
- Create a uniformly offset surface called the winding surface
- Find the distribution of currents on the winding surface that minimizes the normal field on the plasma boundary (B·n = 0 on a flux surface)
- Use the resulting current potential contours to define coils
- Iterate the resulting free boundary equilibrium to improve the plasma properties consistent with real coils



FIG. 5. Modular coils for Helias stellarator. Number of coils per period: $N_c = 15$ . Aspect ratio of coil configuration: A = 6.5.



### Simplified coils for stellarators: the Thea method

- Concept: 2 step optimization procedure
  - 1. Optimize "toroidal" encircling coils
  - 2. Minimize remaining normal field with an array of "dipole coils"
- Coil Requirements:
  - 1. All coils will be planar and convex enabling winding under tension normal winding machine for simple production
  - 2. Large gaps between encircling coils enabling sector maintenance
  - 3. Small number of unique coils enabling economies of scale

### A practical approach to commercializing fusion

#### **Dynamic System Control**

We can optimize machine parameters and dynamically change operating points in real-time



#### Simplified Commercial System Maintenance and Operation

Geometry enables sector maintenance with access and large sector removal better than even tokamak design



#### Capable of Near-Term Commercial Operation

D-D fusion for the production of tritium and other radioisotopes with steady state operation



### **Big Coil Optimization results**

Results for 2 field period, finite beta equilibrium with self-consistent bootstrap current

- R = 2.7 m
- R/a = 6
- *B*<sub>0</sub> = 6 T

Optimization of big coils reduces maximum normal field error below 1 Tesla

- Mean error ~3x lower
- Largest errors are localized
- No coils with regions of high curvature

Big coil optimization significantly reduces demand on small coils



Residual normal field from *only* big coils

Max  $|\mathbf{B} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}}| = 0.98 \text{ T}$ Mean  $|\mathbf{B} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}}| = 0.35 \text{ T}$ 



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### Planar Stellarator Coils Designed for Sector Maintenance

- Planar encircling coils (TF) provide most of the confining magnetic field
- A "winding surface" is used to locate the smaller planar coils within a coil array
- Coil columns (poloidal rings) are defined by the encircling coils
- Large toroidal sectors of the stellarator's radial assembly can be extracted between the encircling coils



A winding surface is segmented by interpolating encircling coil planes



SECTOR MAINTENANCE CAPABILITY



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### All Planar Coil Systems Generate Highly Symmetric Fields

- Coil system is split into subgroups each with their own power supplies
  for active control
  - for active control
  - Plasma startup from 0 beta to operating point
  - Precise magnetic topology control
  - o In-situ configurability
- Radial access defined by gaps in the coil array
  - o Large tangential NBI access
  - Normal and tangential diagnostic ports
  - Cryogenic and electric feedthroughs
- Optimization constraints ensure engineering feasibility
  - o Adequate spacing for blankets and shields
  - o HTS critical current





### Thea Energy will design, construct, and operate a largescale neutron source stellarator, Eos

Eos is the only first-generation fusion system prototypical of a power plant

#### Not contingent on further scientific breakthroughs

Timeline similar to largest proof-of-concept prototypes

#### Thermal generation on accelerated trajectory

Capable of generating near-term revenue

#### Commercial operations supporting fleet adoption:

- Tritium production
- Fusion power plant technology development

- Medical isotope production (e.g. Shine)
- Breakdown of long-lived radioactive waste



Near-term commercialization - not a moonshot



### The path to commercial fusion



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# Stay in the loop

Come see the Thea poster session on Tuesday morning Session GP11, posters 80-86 www.thea.energy